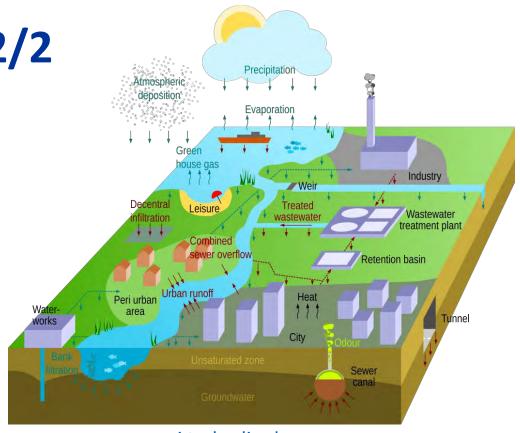
DFG Research Training Group 2032/2 Urban Water Interfaces (UWI)

# Dealing with extreme weather events and climate change

23 January 2020

3. Fortschrittswerkstatt Wasser, Universität Duisburg-Essen



www.uwi.tu-berlin.de

Nasrin Haacke<sup>1</sup>, Robert Ladwig<sup>2</sup>, Franziska Tügel<sup>1</sup>, Elena Matta<sup>1</sup> & Reinhard Hinkelmann<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>Technische Universität Berlin, <sup>2</sup>Leibniz-Institut für Gewässerökologie und Binnenfischerei





## **Contents**

Introdction to UWI

- Short-duration extreme precipitation events in Germany and Berlin
- Impacts of extreme precipitation on Lake Tegel, Berlin
- Flash floods in El Gouna, Egypt (TU Berlin's satellite campus)
- Prediction of extreme low water levels in river Rhine

Conclusions





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# DFG Research Training Group (RTG 2032/2) Urban Water Interfaces (UWI)

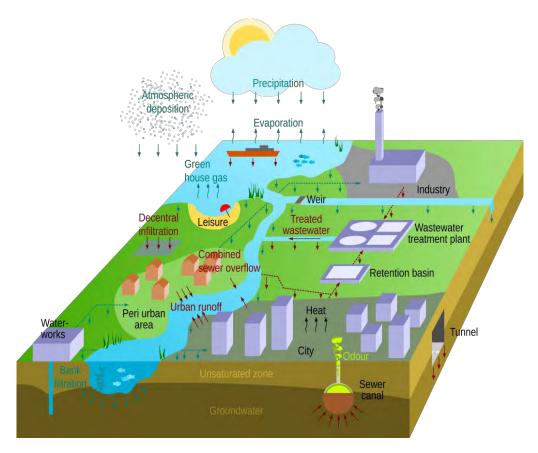
### **Overview**

#### **Speakers and Coordinator**

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Reinhard Hinkelmann, TUB Prof. Dr. rer. forest. Birgit Kleinschmit, TUB Prof. Dr. rer. nat. Mark Gessner, IGB & TUB PD Dr. rer. nat. Sabine Hilt, IGB Dr. rer. nat. Gwendolin Porst, TUB

#### A **joint initiative** of

Technische Universität Berlin (**TUB**) and Leibniz-Institute of Freshwater Ecology and Inland Fisheries (**IGB**), Berlin



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# UWI doctoral students and kollegiates, 2<sup>nd</sup> cohort



UWI educates doctoral students from engineering and natural sciences bringing them to a new quality of interdisciplinary knowledge with a strong international component and within a structured framework

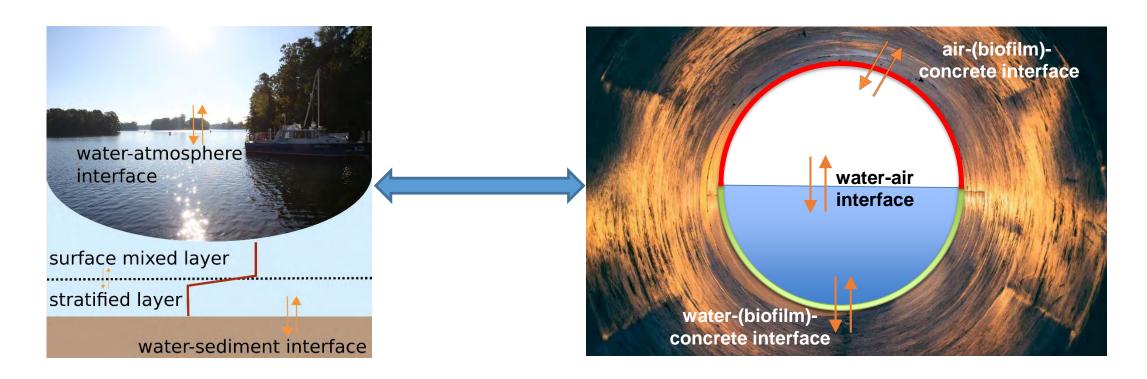






## Overall aims

**Urban water interfaces** play a key role in the **urban water cycle** as they connect **a large number of compartments** and **subsystems** and notably affect **overall system behaviour**.



**Advance understanding** 

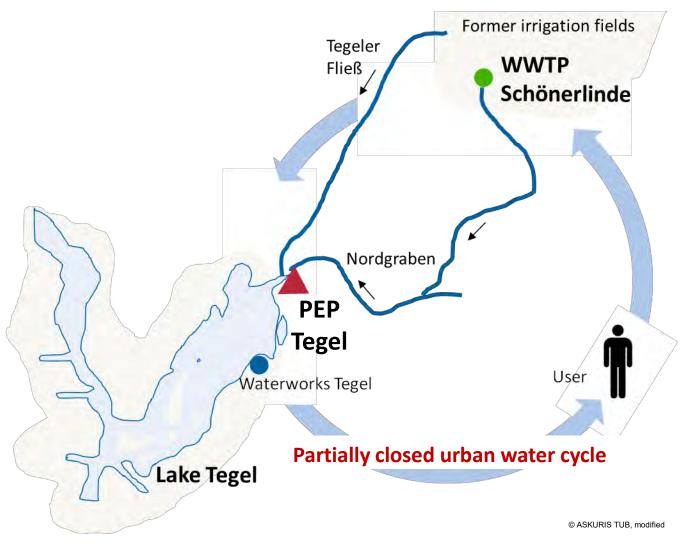
Predict impacts of future changes

Detect vulnerable and resilient conditions for improved management





# Berlin's water cycle



- Small river discharges
  low flow conditions: MNQ Havel + Spree ~ 7 m³/s
  wastewater effluent ~ 7 m³/s
- Phosphorus elimination plant
- Partially closed urban water cycles
- Bank filtration
- Strong interaction of compartments and of natural and technical systems
- → Ideal location for research on urban water interfaces





# Five selected natural and technical interfaces



water surfaces



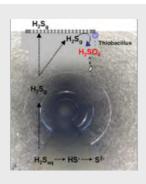
urban soils and vegetation



aquifers and sediments



water treatment



sewer systems





# Four new common topics

1<sup>st</sup> cohort

natural N 1
N 2
N 3
N 4
N 5
N 6
N 7

T1
T2
technical T3
interfaces T4
T5
T6

W 1 interfaces in urban W 2 watersheds **W** 3 F 1 interfaces in F 2 urban freshwater F 3 ecosystems F 4 H 1 interfaces urban H 2 hyporheic zones **H3 H4 S 1** interfaces in **S 2** sewer systems





2<sup>nd</sup> & 3<sup>rd</sup>

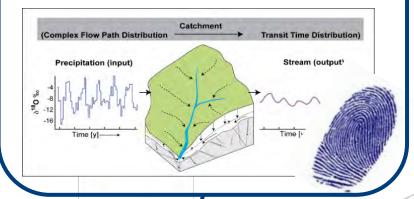
cohort

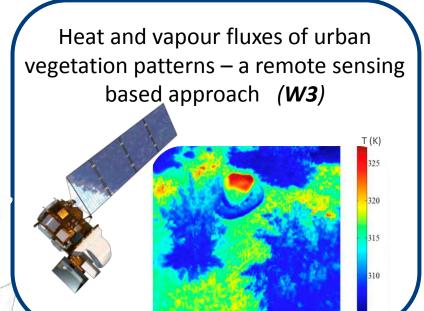
# Common topic: Interfaces in urban watersheds

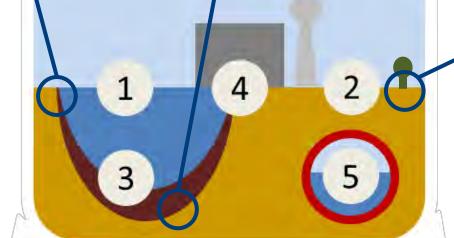
Scaling and connectivity assessment of critical source areas of diffuse pollution in urban catchments (W2)



Ecohydrological controls on urban groundwater recharge: an isotope-based modelling approach (W1)



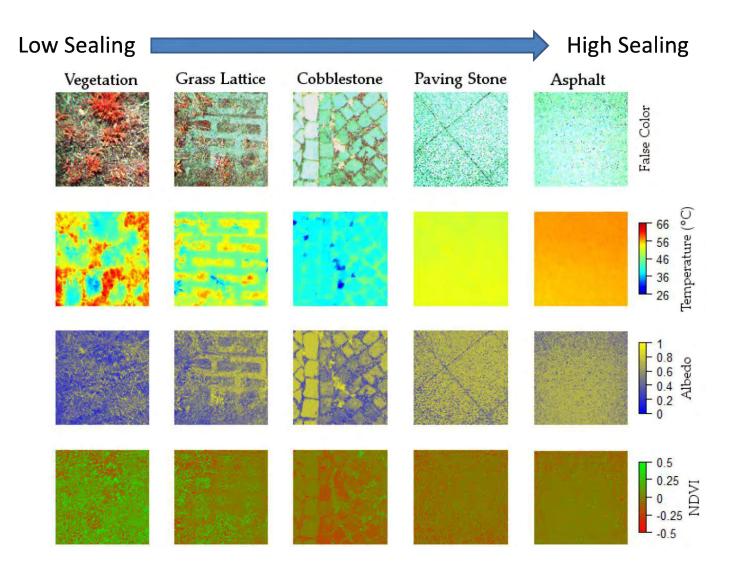




# Common topic: Interfaces in urban watersheds

 Highlight: Thermal remote sensing facilitates modelling heat flux of partially sealed urban surfaces from local to regional scales to improve understanding of urban heat impacts (N2).

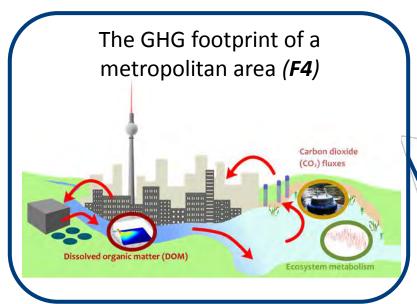
 Further research: Integration of in situ observation, remote sensing and ecohydrological modelling;
 soil-vegetation-atmosphere interfaces



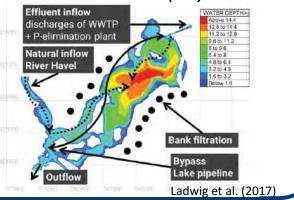


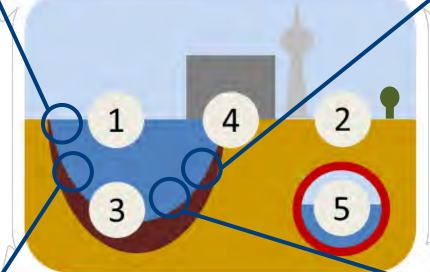


# Common topic: Interfaces in urban freshwater ecosystems

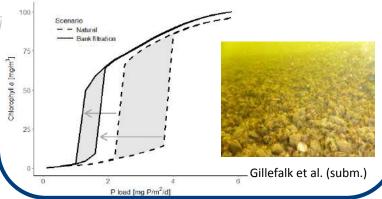


Impact of management measures on sediment water interface in an urban lake (F3)





Transformation of environmentally relevant compounds by invasive ecosystem engineers (F1)



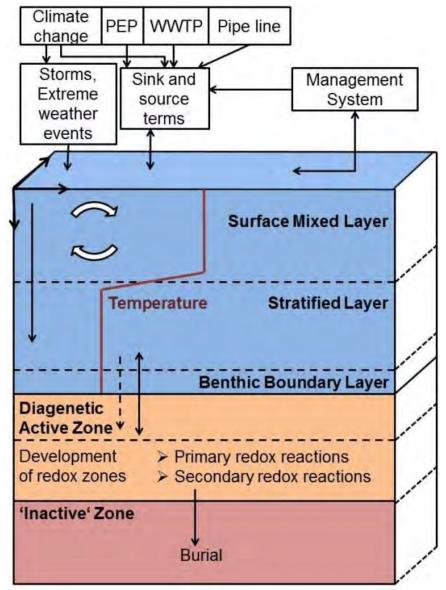
Cyanobacteria dynamics in the littoral lake – land interface (F2)



# Common topic: Interfaces in urban freshwater ecosystems

 Highlight: Modelling of scenarios enabled adaption of established lake management to mitigate impacts of climate change (T4, N5).

 Further research: Phosphorus fluxes across boundaries; sediment-water interface

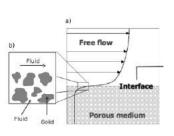


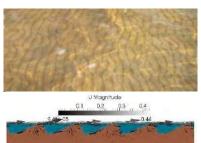




# Common topic: Interface urban hyporheic zones

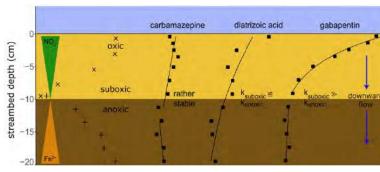
Integral modelling approach for flow and reactive transport at surface water-groundwater interfaces (H2)



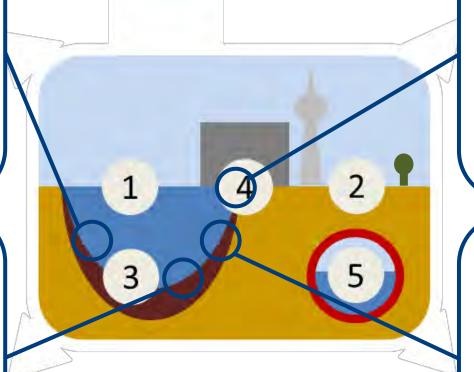


Broecker et al. (2018), Limnologia 68, 46-68

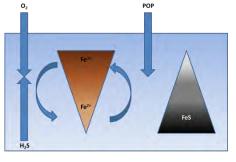
Retention of trace organics in urban hyporheic bioreactors (*H1*)



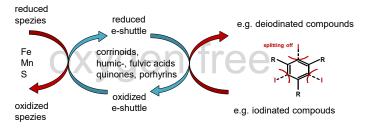
Schaper et al. (2018), Water Research 140, 158-166



Redox gradients in natural & technical systems: Population structure and physiological properties (*H4*)



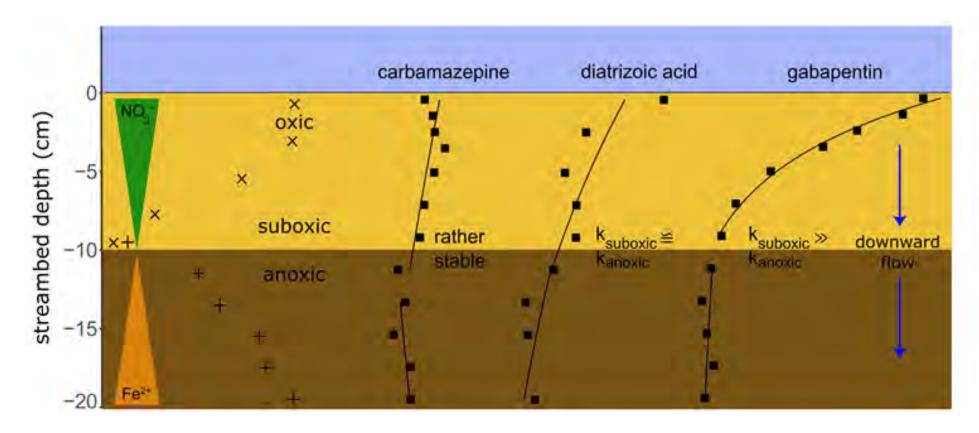
# Abiotic transformation of organic trace compounds (*H3*)



El-Athman et al. (2018), Environmental Science & Technology, submitted

# Common topic: Interface urban hyporheic zones

• **Highlight:** Trace organic compounds are removed within **interface urban hyporheic zones** and hyporheic exchange flows thus contribute to improve urban water quality (N6).



• Further research: Stream engineering; investigating ecosystem functions of interface biofilms

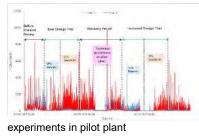


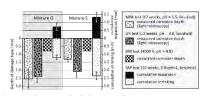


# Common topic: Interfaces in sewer systems

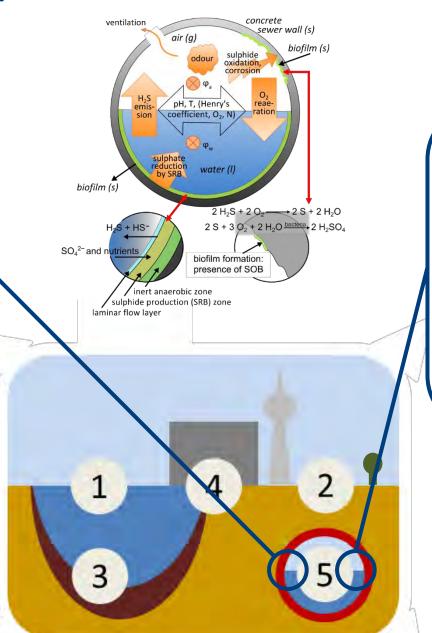
# Analysis and countermeasures of odour and corrosion (\$1)

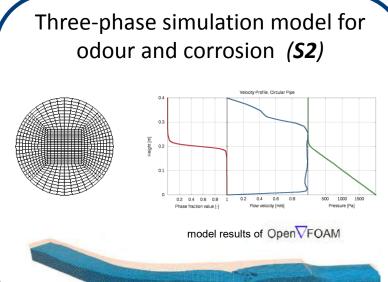






experiments in laboratories

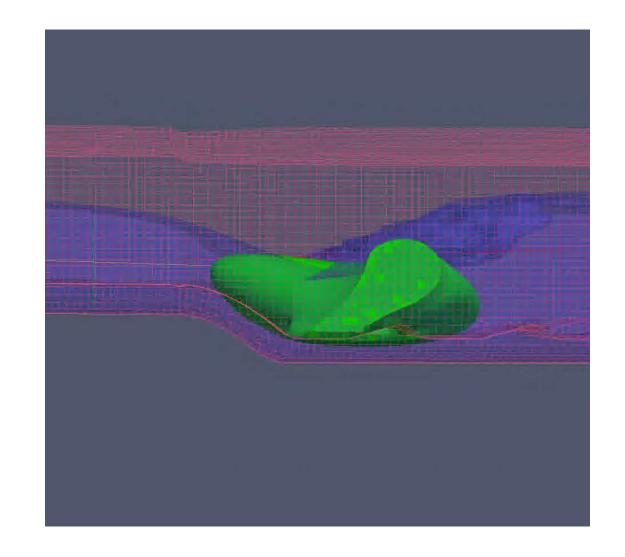




# Common topic: Interfaces in sewer systems

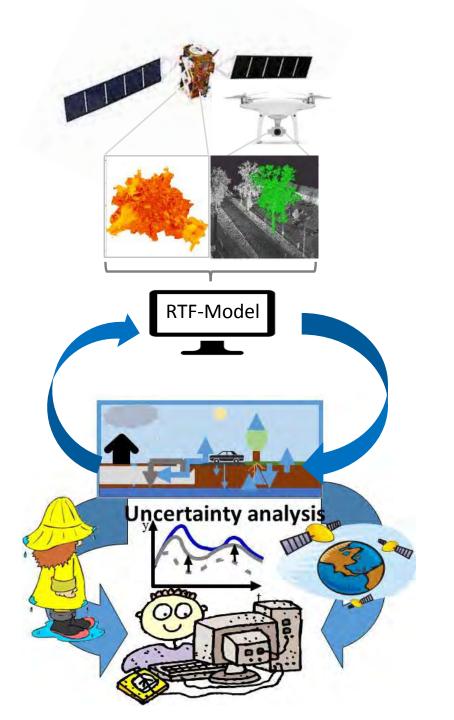
 Highlight: First 3D model describing H<sub>2</sub>S mass transfer across water-air interface was developed and tested under highly turbulent conditions, enabling, for instance, improved design of stirring tank (H<sub>2</sub>S hotspots; T3).

 Further research: Turbulent flow reactor at largescale BWB pilot plant: experiments and modelling; interfaces with solids (concrete) and biofilms









## **Postdocs**

Postdoc A: Remote sensing in urban hydrology

Postdoc B: Integrated ecohydrological modelling across scales

- Career advancement: support in proposal writing for
  - ERC Starting Grant
  - Marie Curie Individual Fellowship
  - BMBF Junior Research Group

Supervisors: Prof. Birgit Kleinschmit, Prof. Doerthe Tetzlaff

Additional support from TUB and IGB (6 months each)

# UWI has become a nucleus

#### **Prof. Mohammad Zouneman-Kermani:**

Prediction of odour and corrosion in sewer systems using data-driven methods

**Georg Foster Research Fellowship for** 

**Experienced Researchers** 



#### **Prof. Chris Soulsby:**

MOSAIC – Modelling surface water and groundwater isotopes

in urban catchments

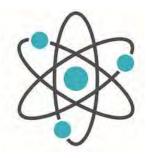
**Einstein Visiting Fellowship** 



Water, heat and contaminant transport in urban soils

Associated research project





#### Adrian Augustyniak:

Biofilms in building materials

Postdoc Scholarship from

TU funds and AIF-IGF project









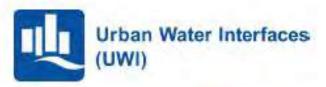


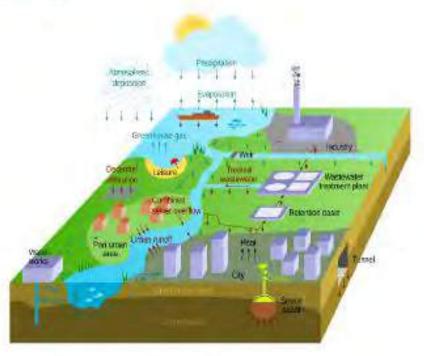






**EINSTEIN** 





First International Conference on Urban Water Interfaces (UWI) 22 – 24 September 2020, Berlin

A joint initiative of



Funded by



#### Motivation

Interfaces in urban water systems play a key role in the urban water cycle but are still understudied. They connect a large number of compartments and subsystems and notably affect the overall system behaviour. The processes and fluxes of interfaces are highly complex due to, for example, steep physical and biogeochemical gradients, high numbers of microorganisms and reaction rates, non-linear behaviour and feedback effects as well as heterogeneous and dynamic structures. Considerable knowledge gaps still exist - urgently requiring novel interdisciplinary collaboration of engineers and natural scientists. Under this collaborative perspective, we want to develop a new understanding and thinking on future urban water management being faced by multiple stressors such as climate and demographic change, ongoing urbanization and continuous growth of contaminations as well as multiple uses.

#### Why you should attend

- We highlight progress which have been achieved within the DFG Research Training Group "Urban Water Interfaces".
- We aim to provide a platform for presenting state of the art insights and novel findings from an international interdisciplinary community.
- We are encouraging contributions from the international scientific community, but also representatives from water engineering practice and administration.
- We invite you to attend and present at the conference, which will take place in the very exciting and lively city of Berlin, Germany.

#### Keynote speakers

Prof. Alan Blumberg Stevens Institute of Technology Hoboken, New Jersey, USA Urban oceanography, floods

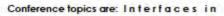
Prof. Hayley Fowler School of Engineering Newcastle University, UK Climate change impacts on water resources

Dr. Emma J. Rosi Cary Institute of Ecosystem Studies Millbrook, New York, USA Human impacts on freshwaters

Prof. Daniele Tonina Center for Ecohydraulic Research University of Idaho, Boise, USA Hyporheic exchange, greenhouse gases

Prof. Jes Vollertsen Department of Civil Engineering Aalborg University, Denmark Water treatment, drinking water





urban watersheds urban freshwater ecosystems

hyporheic

sewer systems









#### Important dates

- Abstract submission deadline: 1" April 2020
- Information about acceptance: 1<sup>st</sup> May 2020

#### Registration

- No conference fees!
- Registration includes: coffee and lunch breaks, a conference dinner, digital conference material
- You can apply for 1 of our 5 student travel grants when submitting your abstract

Details on abstract submission and registration can be found on the conference webpage:

tips://www.selssiberin.de/merselinews.and.events/international.com/contenunce/

#### Location

Berlin, TSB Conference Center, Helmholtzstraße 2-9, Aufgang/Entrance A, 1.0G, 10587 Berlin, Germany (close to TU Berlin main campus)



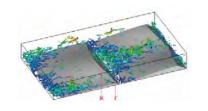
#### Organising committee

Prof. Reinhard Hinkelmann, TU Berlin Prof. Birgit Kleinschmit, TU Berlin Dr. Gwendolin Porst, TU Berlin Nasrin Haacke, TU Berlin Micaela Pacheco, TU Berlin

# Qualification programme: courses

#### Three newly developed core courses (9 ECTS):

• Urban interface processes – fluxes, transport, interaction





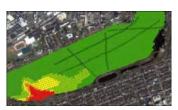
Urban freshwater ecology





Modelling and measuring concepts of interface processes





**Elective courses (min. 9 ECTS):** 

- broadening basis
- specific research areas
- professional skills



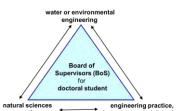


# Qualification programme

 Summer schools, internships and visiting researchers



Board of Supervisors



Student Research Council



Gender concept

Costumized trainings

Home office / flexible working hours

Home office / flexible gender relationship

Fast track







# Summary statistics January 2020

	13 doctoral students (DFG)	9 kollegiates
Doctoral theses finished	8	1
Published or accepted journal articles	32	23
Conference contributions	76	57

#### 1<sup>st</sup> cohort:

Average duration of eight doctoral theses until submission / completion: 3 years 4 months / 8 months

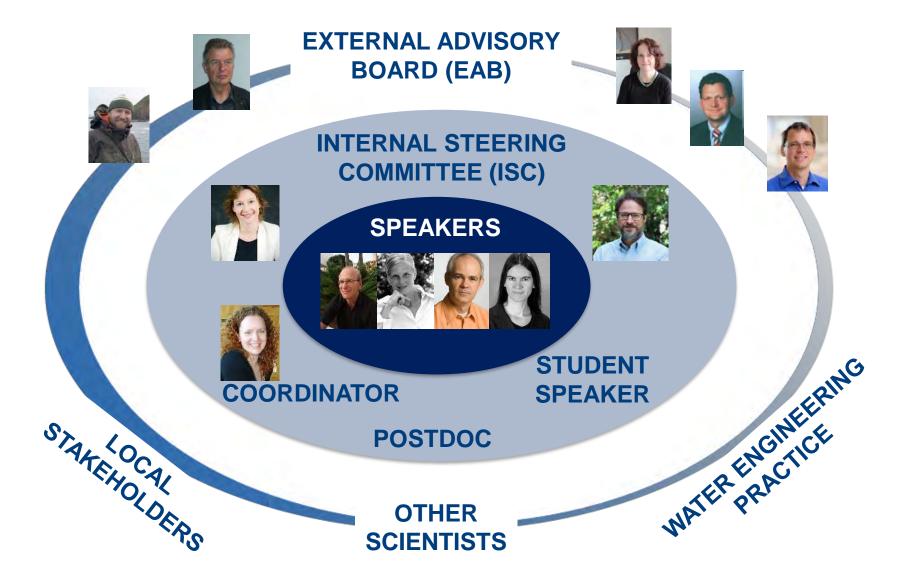
Parental leaves: 4 females, 2 males; 8 children

Average delay / doctoral student (parental leave, sick leave, later start): 6 months / doctoral





# Organisational structure







# Selected events and activities of funding period 2015-2019



UWI Summer School 18.-19.9.2019 Kremmen, Germany



Sixth German-Russian Week of the Young Researcher "Urban Studies: The City of the Future"

Moscow State University of Civil Engineering National Research University 12.-16.9.2016 Moscow, Russia



**UWI at AGU Fall Meeting** 12.-16.12.2016 San Francisco, CA, USA



UWI Student Research Council 20.-21.8.2019, Buberow, Germany

UWI common



**UWI at Wasser Berlin International** 28.-31.3.2017, Berlin



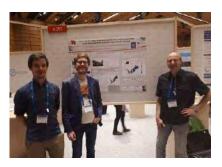
Extreme Wetterschwankungen Säure nagt an Berlins Kanälen



Kaiharina Teuber kam 2008 aus Niedersachsen zum Studium nach Berlin, machte an der Technischen Universität (TU) ihren Master in Bauingenieurvessen, arbeitete danach ein halbes Jahr in einem Ingenieurbüro, das sich mit Kanalsamierung befasst. Seit 2015 forscht sie an der TU im Rahmen des Graduiertenkollegs "Urban Water Interfaces" der Deutschen Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG) an einem Simulationsmodell, das dazu beitzugen soll, eines der größten Probleme des Berliner Kanalsystems in den Griff zu bekommen.

Der Grund dafür ist Schwefelwasserstoff, der sich in den Kanälen bildet.
Dieser ist zum Teil bereits im Abwasser vorhanden. Vor allem aber entstebe
ein Biofilm und den Sedimenten des Abwasserkanals, erklärt Daneish
Despot vom Fachgebiet Siedlungswasserwirtschaft der TU Berlin, der an der
Kanalforschungsanlage der Berliner Wasserbetriebe in Neukölln arbeitet, "Je
langsamer die Fließgeschwindigkeit, desto mehr Schwefelwasserstoff kann
sich bilden", sagt Daneish Despot, der ebenfalls im Fachgebiet
Siedlungswasserwirtschaft an der TU Berlin forscht.

UWI doctoral students in the newspaper 20.7.2017, Berlin



**UWI at EGU General Assembly** 8.-13.4.2018 Vienna, Austria



**UWI Welcoming Workshop** 5.7.2018, Berlin



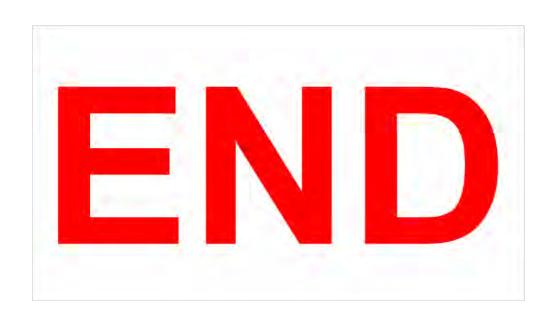
# UWI supervisors and associated researchers, 1st & 2nd cohort





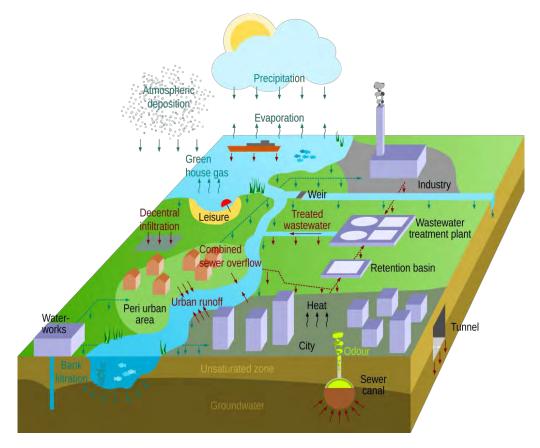


# DFG Research Training Group (RTG 2032/2) Urban Water Interfaces (UWI)



#### A joint initiative of

Technische Universität Berlin (**TUB**) and Leibniz-Institute of Freshwater Ecology and Inland Fisheries (**IGB**), Berlin



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